

Gas Master Control

Gas detection unit



- Manages transmitters for combustible, toxic, refrigerant gases
- 8 4 .. 20 mA inputs
- Serial RS485 communication according to MODBUS® protocol (controls up to 32 transmitters)
- 5 relay outputs with voltage-free changeover contacts: 2 alarm relays - 1 pre-alarm relay - 2 auxiliary relays.
- · Stores the last alarm conditions.

TECHNICAL FEATURES

Supply voltage:		85 264 V~, 50 60 Hz or 12 24 V=== (through backup system)					
		30 W max					
Contact rating of relay outputs:							
contact rating of	relay outputs	Voltage-free contacts					
Inputs:		8 x 4 20 mA					
Communication	port:	RS485					
Communication		MODBUS® RTU					
Start-up time:		related to the warm-up time of the connected transmitters					
Transmitters type:		for combustible, toxic, refrigerant gases					
Adjustment rang		related to the gas sensor transmitted data					
Accuracy:		related to the gas sensor transmitted data					
Resolution:		related to the gas sensor transmitted data					
Cross sensitiviti	es:	see remote sensor manual.					
Protection degree	ee:	IP54					
ATEX Protection	n:	This control unit IS NOT approved for					
		installation in ATEX classified areas.					
Operating tempe	erature:	-20 °C +55 °C					
Storage temperature:		-20 °C +55 °C					
Humidity limits:		20% 90% RH (non-condensing)					
Pressure:		800 1100 hPa					
Case:	Material:	Technopolymer					
	Color:	Gray (RAL 7035)					
Dimensions:		198,4 x 276,7 x 95,8 mm (L x A x P)					

WARRANTY

The user is guaranteed against the product's defects of conformity according to European Directive 2019/771 as well as the Seitron warranty terms, available online on the website www.seitron.com.

We invite the user to visit our website and check the latest version of technical documents, manuals and catalogs

- Mechanical installation
- Electrical connections
- Starting the control unit
- Scanning connected transmitters
- Date and time setting

CONTROL UNIT START-UP

Complete in the following order:

As soon as the power supply is applied:

- If the control unit is powered by 85 .. 264 V~, 50 .. 60 Hz, the "POWER" indicator light light-up steadily;
- If the control unit is powered by 12 .. 24 V===, via a backup system, the "POWER" and "BATTERY" indicator lights light-up steadily.

During the start-up phase, the display shows the following screen:

- Gas Master Control Product name
 - Start-up bar Installed firmware version

devices.

After the start-up is completed, the display shows the following screens:

Press the menu button and start a scan.

1.0.0

Enter the password "1234": \sim to change the value of the selected digit. Enter password 0000

Relays System Test

The display shows the main page of the unit setting menus.

to select the digit to be changed.

ok to confirm the entered password.

Press the III button to start scanning for connected

SCAN FOR CONNECTED TRANSMITTERS

Before proceeding with the scan of connected devices, in case a RS485 network has been set up for communication using the MODBUS® RTU protocol between transmitters and the control unit, verify the communication speed of the connected transmitters and, if necessary, correctly set the parameter "System" => "Serial port" => "Speed".

The connected transmitters should have the same communication speed. The control unit communication speed set by default to 9600 Baud; to modify this data, refer to the complete instruction manual.

Once the auto-learning procedure has started, it cannot be interrupted. If a setting is changed on any connected transmitter, or the transmitter itself is replaced the scan must be repeated to detect changes.

Procedure:

- 1. Select the "System" menu and press the button or .
- 2. Select the "Scan" menu and press the button or .
- 3. The display shows the "Scan" line selected. Press the button
- 4. As requested by the system, simultaneously press the buttons $\langle \rangle$ to start the scan process.
- 5. The display shows the transmitter scanning screen:



- connected to the 4..20 mA input. "М" indicates the position of the transmitter
- connected to the RS485 network.
- transmitter.
- "х" detected by the control unit.
- "v" indicates that the transmitter has been detected by the control unit.

6. The display shows the message "Scan completed". Press the button or .

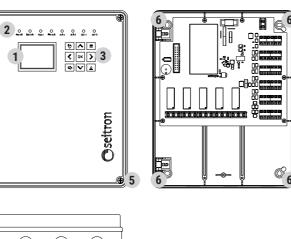
7. The display shows the selected "Scan" line.

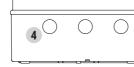
8a. Only transmitters connected to the RS485 network: Press the button . The display shows the schematic of the connected

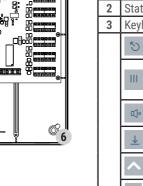
transmitters. 8b. With 4..20 mA transmitters connected:

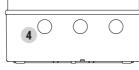
- a. Press the button . The display shows the menu of parameters to be set for the first connected 4..20 mA transmitter.
- b. Set all the data proposed by the menu using the buttons $\land \lor \lt \mathrel{>}$
- c. Once the data for the first transmitter is set, press the button u again to move on to setting the data for the next transmitter.
- d. Continue in this manner until all the connected 4..20 mA transmitters data is set
- e. Once the data for the last transmitter is set, pressing the button will display the schematic of the connected transmitters

MECHANICAL DESCRIPTION











COMPON

1 Disp

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CONDITIONS OF ACTIVATION OF OUTPUT RELAYS, LEDS AND BUZZER

		OUTPUTS												
STATUS	LED POWER	LED BATTERY	LED FAULT	LED PRE-ALR	LED Alr1	LED Alr2	LED AUX1	LED AUX2	BUZZER	RELAY PRE	RELAY AL1	RELAY AL2	RELAY AUX1	RELAY AUX2
Power supply: 85 264 V \sim														
Power supply: 12 24 V===, from backup system														
Test LEDs		AC												
Test Relays		AC												
Test Buzzer		AC												
Transmitter fault		AC											AC	AC
Pre-alarm		AC											AC	AC
Alarm 1		AC											AC	AC
Alarm 2		AC											AC	AC
Open loop (solo 420 mA)		AC											AC	AC
Over Range		AC										ĺ	AC	AC
End-of-life sensor		AC											AC	AC

LEGEND





LED on steady / Buzzer on / Relay activated.



LED lit conditionally (lit steadily if the control unit is powered at 12 .. 24 V===, via backup system)

Relay conditionally activated; the relay can be activated only if the auxiliary output has been set correctly (see menu "Relays" -"Aux1" and "Aux2").



"C"

- indicates the position of the transmitter
- indicates querying the presence of the indicates that the transmitter has not been

DATE AND TIME SETTING

The correct setting of date and time is crucial for meaningful logging of the latest alarm event.

This setting must occur during the first activation of the control unit.

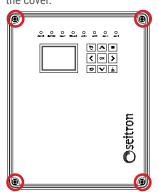
Procedure:

- 1. From the main screen, press the button
- 2. Enter the password "1234" to access the menu page.
- 3. Select the "System" line; press the button
- 4. Select the "Clock" line; press the button
- 5. Set all the data proposed by the menu using the buttons 🔨 🗸 📏 🗠 .
- 6. Once all the data is set, select the "SAVE" line and press the button or .
- 7. Press the button :; the display shows the schematic of the connected transmitters.

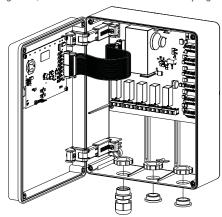
NENTS DESCRIPTION						
play						
tus LED bar						
board						
	Returns to the previous selection.					
	 Accesses the menus of configurable parameters of the control unit. Under parameter configuration, return to the main screen. 					
	Alarm silencing.					
	Reset alarms.					
\checkmark \checkmark $>$	Select / Set configurable values.					
	Access to submenus / Confirm settings.					
es for mounting the supplied cable glands and/or plugs.						
ews for access to the internal parts of the product.						
ew seat for fixing the product to the wall.						

INSTALLATION

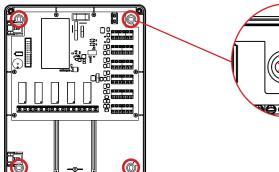
1 Access the internal parts of the product by unscrewing the 4 screws on the cover.



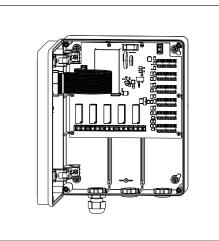
2 On the bottom side of the product there are 3 holes each having a diameter of 20.5 mm. The supplied cable glands and/or plugs should be mounted on each hole. The cable glands are used to run the cables for the electrical connections of the product. In case you do not plan to use all the cable glands, it is recommended to mount the plugs in their place.



Locate the four screw slots for fixing the product to the wall. On each drill a hole for inserting the screw.



4 Secure the product to the wall using the appropriate wall plugs and screws.



5 Make electrical connections; see chapter "Electrical Connections".

6 Close the product by tightening the 4 screws on the lid.

ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

- This control unit IS NOT approved for installation in ATEX classified areas.
- Cables to remote transmitters should have a minimum cross section of 1.5 mm² and a maximum length of 25 m. Do not use the same conduit for signal and power cables.
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- · If the installation is in environments with strong EMC noise, the use of shielded cables is strongly recommended. The shield should be connected to the 'Gnd' terminal of the relevant zone only on the control unit side.
- The control unit and/or power supply unit, if powered at 230 V \sim , must be connected to the mains via a switch capable of disconnecting both poles, in accordance with current safety standards, and with a separation of at least 3 mm in each pole. In case the control unit is powered at 12 Vdc the note should be extended to the power supply and not to the control unit.
- · Installation and electrical connections of this device must be carried out by qualified technicians and in accordance with current technical and safety regulations.
- · Before making electrical connections on the control unit, be sure to disconnect power from the system.
- It is the responsibility of the installer (whose responsibility it is to set up a detection system that complies with existing standards, both National and European) to choose the appropriate types of load to be connected to the control unit as well as to correctly configure the system parameters. If in doubt, contact the distributor.

The central unit is normally powered by a 12 Vdc power supply with backup system or by 230 V \sim mains voltage. The central unit is equipped with five relays with voltage-free changeover contacts (SPDT): 2 auxiliary relays (AUX 1 and AUX 2), 2 alarm relays (ALR 1 and ALR 2) and one Pre-alarm relay (PRE-ALR).

The AUX 1 or AUX 2 outputs can be used either to drive general-purpose loads such as a siren or flashing light or, with proper configuration of related parameters, a gas shut-off solenoid valve.

It should be noted that all outputs of the control unit are voltage free, meaning they do not supply power to the loads giving the user greater freedom to use loads with different operating voltages.

The RS485 interface is used to connect devices to the control unit.

The maximum number of transmitters that can be connected to the control unit with MODBUS® protocol is 32. Refer to the wiring diagram in Fig. 2, Fig. 3, Fig. 4, Fig. 5 and Fig. 6 for the electrical connections.

IMPLEMENTATION OF RS485 NETWORK

RS485 BUS CONNECTION CABLES

Bus connections should be made from a twisted and shielded twisted pair with characteristics equivalent to the BELDEN 9841 or BELDEN 9842 type cables shown in the table below:

	NO. Couples.	DC RESI	STANCE	IMPEDANCE	NOMINA		
ТҮРЕ		CONDUCTORS (Ohm/km)	SHIELD (Ohm/km)	NOMINAL (Ohms)	BETWEEN CONDUCTORS (pF/m)	BETWEEN CONDUCTORS AND SHIELD (pF/m)	AWG
BELDEN 9841	1	78,7	11,0	120	42,0	75,5	24 (0,25 mmq)
BELDEN 9842	2	78,7	7,2	120	42,0	75,5	24 (0,25 mmq)

• The total length of the RS485 network must not exceed 1000 meters.

• The shield of the BUS cable must be connected to ground at only one end, for example, on the peripheral near the control unit. A second ground connection would not ensure equipotentiality of the shield. Do not use the same conduit for both Bus cables and power, or power in general.

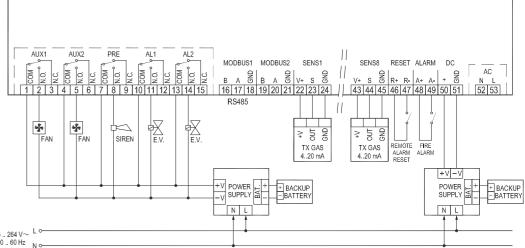
POWER CABLES

- · Use flame-retardant cable of adequate cross-section according to the devices connected to the control unit; the crosssection should never be less than 2.5mm². Calculate the cable cross-section based on the length and number of connected devices to ensure they fall within the devices' power supply range for proper operation.
- To avoid the use of conductors with a large cross-section, it is possible to power devices point-to-point, using individual power supplies.
- In the RS485 network, it is not necessary to connect the device grounds together.
- In case of communication problems, for example, with point-to-point power supply and devices not electrically grounded, it may be helpful to electrically connect the device grounds together.
- · For devices with earth-connected power supply (e.g., PCs), connecting ground and earth together may cause problems.
- The simplicity of RS485 network wiring sometimes leads to overlooking simple precautions, which can sometimes be sources of error, or even the cause of the entire network's communication failure.

EXAMPLES OF WIRING ERRORS

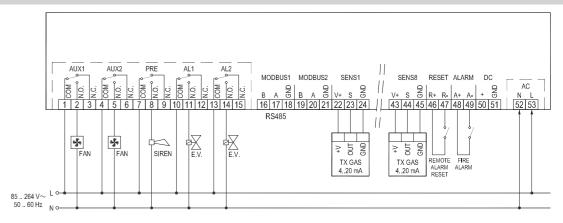
- · Routing cables within the same duct.
- · Routing cables near strong sources of interference, such as near the power cables of electric motors or contactors.
- · Ground and earth cables connected together.
- · False contacts or inappropriate electrical connections in junction boxes.
- · Use of cables unsuitable for RS485 data transmission, such as untwisted cables.
- · Use of inadequate cross-section cables.
- · Too high voltage drops on the power cable.

- AND 8 TRANSMITTERS OR LOADS.
- WITH A TYPICAL VOLTAGE DROP OF 0.3V.

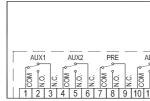


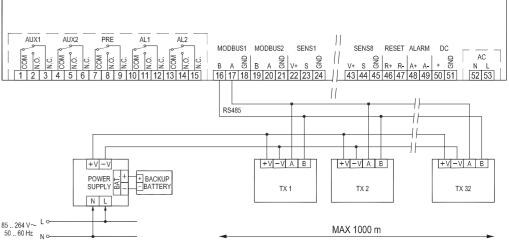


CONTROL UNIT AND LOADS POWERED AT 85 .. 264 V \sim 50 .. 60 Hz



IMPLEMENTATION EXAMPLE OF AN RS485 NETWORK WITH BACKUP POWER SUPPLY AND 32 TRANSMITTERS*





- THE POWER SUPPLY* MUST BE SIZED TO DELIVER AT LEAST 40W OF POWER: IT CAN POWER THE CONTROL UNIT

- THE CONTROL UNIT IS POWERED BY AN EXTERNAL POWER SOURCE AT 12..24VDC. IF A SYSTEM CAPABLE OF TOLERATING POWER FAILURES IS REQUIRED, A 12..24VDC BACKUP GROUP MUST BE PROVIDED. THE +V SUPPLY VOLTAGE FOR GAS TRANSMITTERS IS DERIVED FROM VDC MINUS A FUSE AND A DIODE