



Combustion Efficiency on Condensing Boilers & Furnaces

OVERVIEW

Combustion efficiency is a measurement of how well any given fuel is being burned and converted into energy. **3 factors must be considered when calculating the efficiency:**

1. Chemistry of the burned Fuel (natural gas, LPG, oil, etc.)
2. The CO₂ percentage by volume
3. The **NET ΔT** between the Stack Gas & the Primary Combustion Air being used

CONCERN

Condensing furnaces, boilers, and tankless water heaters use **outdoor air** as the Primary temperature, for this reason they need a **different method** of measuring the temperature.

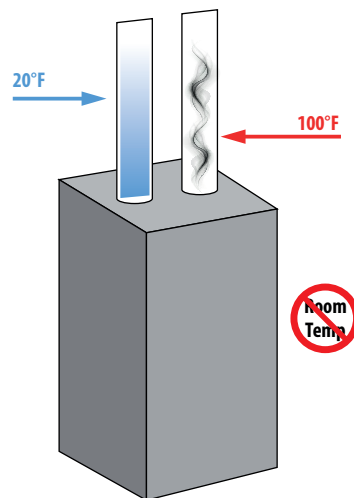
Furthermore, the **Stack Temperatures** of these systems are **much lower** than atmospheric systems, so when calculating the Combustion Efficiency with your combustion analyzer **properly measuring the correct temperature** is of primary importance.

their specifications of where to test).

In order to obtain an accurate Combustion Efficiency reading, we offer an **Air Temperature Probe (AASA08)**, that can be inserted in the **combustion air intake** (while simultaneously the standard 12" probe is inserted into the Flue Exhaust Stack). This allows the analyzer to perform the proper calculation using a **True NET Stack Temperature**.

SOLUTION

High Efficiency Condensing furnaces/boilers/water heaters need to be tested properly by drilling a hole in the incoming air plastic/PVC vent pipe (most manufacturer's have dual testing ports already for both incoming air and exhaust, please refer to



INSTRUMENTATION SOLUTION

We offer a complete range of HVAC Combustion Analyzers, that suits basically all your analyzer needs.

All our analyzers are compatible to measure properly on condensing, high efficiency stems.

